Behavior of Imazaquin and Flazasulfuron in Brazilian soils. (S11-oliveira190958-Poster)

Authors:

- M.F.Oliveira* Embrapa Maize and Sorghum/Purdue University
- H.T.Prates Embrapa Maize and Sorghum
- D.P.Santanna Embrapa Maize and Sorghum
- L.M.Sans Embrapa Maize and Sorghum

• L.S.Lee - Purdue University

Abstract:

There is little information available on the behavior of herbicides in tropical soils. Retention of the herbicides flazasulfuron and imazaquin was measured in several Brazilian soils using batch sorption and desorption equilibration techniques. Hydrolysis of flazasulfuron was also evaluated in 0.01 M calcium chloride as a function of pH and temperature. Sorption coefficients for flazasulfuron correlate well with organic carbon, silt and cation exchange capacity. For imazaquin, sorption coefficients correlate well to clay and pH. For both herbicides, adsorption was reduced at high pH values. Flazasulfruon hydrolysis increased with decreasing pH and increasing temperature.

Corresponding Author Information: Maurilio Oliveira Purdue University Dept. of Agronomy/Purdue University 1150 Lilly Hall West Lafayette, IN 47907-1170

phone: 765-4962821 fax: 765-4962926 e-mail: moliveira@purdue.edu

Presentation Information:

Presentation Date: Wednesday, November 13, 2002 Presentation Time: 2:00-4:00 pm Poster Board Number: 1340

Keywords:

retention, herbicides, acid soils, degradation