

# Fractionation of arsenic in soil contaminated with various heavy metals. (S11-fayiga122934-Poster)

## Authors:

- A.O.Fayiga - *University of Florida*
- L.Q.Ma - *University of Florida*

## Abstract:

This study determined the effect of heavy metals and plant uptake on redistribution of arsenic in soil contaminated with chromated copper arsenate (CCA). The CCA soil was spiked with Pb, Cd, Ni, Zn solutions at two levels, 50 and 200 mg/kg. Chinese brake fern was transferred into pots after one week and grown in the greenhouse for 8 weeks. Soil samples taken after 8 weeks were sequentially extracted with  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  (water-soluble plus exchangeable, WE-As),  $\text{NH}_4\text{F}$  (Al-As),  $\text{NaOH}$  (Fe-As), and  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  (Ca-As). Arsenic in the soil was present primarily as the recalcitrant forms with WE-As less than 10%. There was also significant correlation between total plant biomass and Ca-As in the soil, which was the largest fraction (51.4%) of arsenic removed from the soil by plant. Though 2.9% of arsenic removed from the soil was from the WE-As fraction, it increased from 5 to 8 weeks after plant uptake, indicating the capability of the fern to solubilize soil arsenic. Ca-As was the dominating fraction before fern transfer, whereas Al and Fe-As became the dominating fraction in the soil 8 weeks after planting. This study suggests the importance of calcium to Chinese brake fern growth and arsenic uptake.

## Corresponding Author Information:

Abioye Fayiga	phone: 352 -392-846
University of Florida	e-mail:
2911SW 13th st. apt 48.	
Gainesville., FL 32608	
USA	

## Presentation Information:

Presentation Date: Monday, November 11, 2002  
Presentation Time: 10:00 am-12:00 pm  
Poster Board Number: 1520

**Keywords:**

Phytoremediation ., Fractionation, arsenic ,lead,zinc, nickel,cadmium.