

Dryland Winter Wheat Production Using Bed Planting Systems. (S04-raun105143-Poster)

Authors:

- K.W.Freeman - *Oklahoma State University*
- A.Klatt - *Oklahoma State University*
- K.D.Sayre - *CIMMYT*
- W.R.Raun - *Oklahoma State University*

Abstract:

Traditionally hard red winter wheat in Oklahoma is grown under conventional tillage and planted on the flat with row spacing ranging to from 15 to 25 cm. This study was conducted to determine if planting winter wheat in Oklahoma in a bed planting system could maintain or increase yields using less area. Two experiments were initiated in the fall of 2000 at Hennessey and Perry, Oklahoma and repeated in the fall of 2001. The studies included four varieties and three nitrogen rates, replicated three times under the conventional system and the bed planted system. At both locations and crop cycles there was no significant yield differences between the planting systems. However, there were differences noted across varieties and N rates. The bed planting system shows no significant loss from the conventional system and will give producers more tillage and crop rotation options.

Corresponding Author Information:

William Raun	phone: 405-744-6418
Oklahoma State University	fax: 405-744-5269
044 N. Ag. Hall	e-mail: wrr@mail.pss.okstate.edu
Stillwater, OK 74078	

Presentation Information:

Presentation Date: Tuesday, November 12, 2002
Presentation Time: 2:00-4:00 pm
Poster Board Number: 1627

Keywords:

beds, tillage, winter wheat, zero-till